

Admit
Card No.

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CSIR-CENTRAL ELECTRO CHEMICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, KARAIKUDI.

Recruitment for the Post of Junior Secretariat Assistant (G/F&A), Advt. No. 01/2019

Total Time Allowed : 2 hours 30 minutes

Total Marks : 500

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- Candidate will be supplied with Paper I Question Booklet 10 minutes before commencement of the Competitive Written Examination.
- The Competitive Written Examination has the following two papers :
Paper I (Time Allotted - 90 minutes)

Subject	No. of Questions	Maximum Marks	Negative Marks
Mental Ability Test	100	200 (two marks for every correct answer)	There will be no negative marks in this paper

Paper II (Time Allotted - 60 minutes)

Subject	No. of Questions	Maximum Marks	Negative Marks
English Language	50	150 (three marks for every correct answer)	One negative mark for every wrong answer
General Awareness	50	150 (three marks for every correct answer)	One negative mark for every wrong answer

- The schedule of Written Examination is as follows, for which the Candidates will be provided Question Paper and separate OMR Answer Sheets :
Paper I - between 09:30 A.M. and 11:00 A.M.
Paper II - between 11:15 A.M. and 12:15 P.M.
Question Papers and OMR Answer Sheets will have to be returned to the Invigilator after end of Paper I & Paper II.
- No candidate will be allowed to leave the Examination Hall before completion of both Paper I and Paper II
- Prior to attempting to answer, candidates are requested to check whether all the questions are there in series and ensure there are no blank pages in the Question Booklet. **In case any defect in the Question Booklet is noticed, it shall be reported to the Invigilator immediately and get it replaced with a complete new Question Booklet.**
- Candidate must write their Admit Card No. in the space provided on the top right side of this page. Do not write anything else on the Question Booklet.
- Each question comprises four responses (A), (B), (C) and (D). Candidates are to select ONLY ONE correct response and mark in the OMR Answer Sheet. The total marks will depend on the number of correct responses marked by the Candidate in the Answer Sheet.
- In the OMR Answer Sheet there are four circles (A), (B), (C) and (D) against each question. To answer the questions candidates are to mark with **Blue or Black ink Ball point pen ONLY ONE circle for each question**. If more than one answer for one question is circled, the answer will be treated as wrong. *e.g.* If for any item, (B) is the correct answer, candidate have to mark as follows :

A
 B
 C
 D
- Candidates should not remove or tear off any sheet from this Question Booklet. Candidates are not allowed to take the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet out of the Examination Hall.
- Do not make any marking in the Question Booklet except in the sheet(s) at the last page of the Question Booklet, which can be used for rough work.**
- In all matters and in cases of any doubt, the English version shall be final.
- Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render the candidate liable to such action or penalty as may be decided by the Competent Authority, CSIR-CECRI.
- I have read the instructions given above and in the Advt. No. 01/2019 and agree to the same.

Invigilator's Signature

Candidate's Signature with date

Each question in this section has a sentence with three parts labelled (A), (B) and (C). Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in any part and indicate your answer in the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter i.e., (A) or (B) or (C). If you find no error; your answer should be indicated as (D)

1. (A) He asked her that
(B) Whether she knew
(C) What had happened last week when she was on leave
(D) No error

2. (A) Until you do not go to the station
(B) To receive him
(C) I can hardly feel at ease
(D) No error

3. (A) I did not know where they were going
(B) Nor could I understand
(C) Why had they left so soon
(D) No error

4. (A) Please convey
(B) My best wishes
(C) Back to your parents
(D) No error

5. (A) The call of the seas
(B) Have always
(C) Found an echo in me
(D) No error

6. (A) Now it can be easily said
 (B) That the population of this city is greater
 (C) Than any other city in India
 (D) No error
7. (A) The boss reminded them of the old saying
 (B) That honesty was the best policy
 (C) And told them that they had better be honest in their work
 (D) No error
8. (A) The way he is behaving (B) He'll soon spill the beans
 (C) I'm afraid (D) No error

Below each sentence are given three possible substitutions for the underlined part. If one of them (A), (B) or (C) is better than the underlined part, indicate your response on the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter (A), (B) or (C). If none of the substitutions improve the sentence, indicate (D) as your response on the Answer Sheet.

9. The police investigated into the matter.
 (A) with the matter (B) at the matter
 (C) the matter (D) no improvement
10. Ramachandra Murthy and his family have been in Guyana from 1985.
 (A) since (B) about
 (C) on (D) no improvement
11. I am living in this town since 1980.
 (A) was living (B) shall live
 (C) have been living (D) no improvement
12. If I was you, I should tell him the truth.
 (A) am you (B) were you
 (C) had been you (D) no improvement
13. He is better than any boy in the class.
 (A) any boys (B) all the boys
 (C) any other boy (D) no improvement

Below given sentences, parts of the sentences are underlined. For each underlined part, four words/phrases are listed below. Choose the word/phrase nearest in meaning to the underlined part.

14. She is a woman of sterling qualities.
(A) interesting (B) genuine (C) irritating (D) exciting
15. He wanted to mitigate his burdens.
(A) lessen (B) increase (C) postpone (D) leave
16. The Deputy Inspector General made a perfunctory inspection of the police station.
(A) thorough and complete (B) superficial
(C) mechanical (D) intensive
17. A scientist generally carries out his investigations empirically.
(A) intuitively (B) verbally
(C) through written communication (D) by observation and experiment
18. He is a sycophant who tries to win over politicians.
(A) a psychologist (B) an opportunist
(C) an unscrupulous man (D) a flatterer
19. I cannot believe in the veracity of his statement.
(A) truth (B) usefulness (C) sincerity (D) falsity

Below given sentences, parts of the sentences are underlined. For each underlined part, four words/phrases are listed below. Choose the word/phrase opposite in meaning to the underlined part.

20. Kapil's bowling yesterday proved very costly.
(A) economical (B) frugal (C) thrifty (D) expensive
21. I am still dubious about that plan.
(A) certain (B) doubtful (C) docile (D) faithful

22. Mala is always defiant in her behaviour
(A) obedient (B) rebellious (C) meek (D) friendly
23. I find his views repugnant
(A) amiable (B) repulsive (C) amoral (D) apolitical

Please read the given passage and answer the given questions:

I was very fond of the old soldier in our little town. He had only one leg, having lost the other somewhere in Assam in 1942. He used to tell me about his adventures. He told me that he had run away from home to join the army. He had experienced his first battle in the Libyan desert. Out of his dozens of war stories, the one I liked best was the one of his escape from a Japanese prison-of-war camp in Burma. He told me again and again how he walked two hundred miles in two weeks. On the way he was bitten on the toe by a poisonous snake and he had to cut off part of the toe in order to survive. But by the time he got to an Indian camp the wound had turned septic and the leg had to be amputated. He is however, quite contented with his lot.

24. The author was very fond of the old soldier because
(A) he had lost one of his legs in war
(B) he used to tell the author about his adventures
(C) he was contented with his lot
(D) he had been to many countries
25. Why did the old soldier repeatedly tell that he walked two hundred miles ?
(A) he ran away from home to join the army
(B) he had to cross the Libyan desert
(C) he had to escape from a prison-of-war camp
(D) he was a strong soldier
26. The story of the old soldier that the author liked most was that about
(A) his running away from home to join the army
(B) his first battle in the Libyan desert
(C) the loss of his leg in Assam
(D) his escape from a Japanese prison-of-war camp
27. The old soldier, according to the author, was
(A) unhappy about his life (B) satisfied with his lot
(C) angry about his fate (D) disgusted with his misfortune

In the following items, each passage consists of six sentences. The first sentence (S1) and final sentence (S6) are given in the beginning. The middle four sentences in each have been removed and jumbled up. These are labelled, P, Q, R and S. You are required to find out the proper sequence of the sentences and mark accordingly on the Answer sheet.

28. S1 : When Galileo was young, people believed earth was the centre of universe
 S6 : But time has proved that Galileo's view point
 P : But Galileo began to argue that it was not so
 Q : This belief was supported by the state and the Church
 R : He said that the Earth and other planets moved around the Sun
 S : He was imprisoned for voicing this unorthodox view
 (A) R S Q P (B) Q P R S (C) P Q S R (D) P S Q R
29. S1 : No daily paper has found its way into this hilly village.
 S6 : They carry this with them to the trading centres in the plains and cities.
 P : These travellers come from distant places.
 Q : On their return journey they have news from hills.
 R : The only news the inhabitants get, is from travellers.
 S : On their way into the hills they bring news from distant plains and cities of India.
 (A) P Q S R (B) R P S Q (C) Q S P R (D) R Q P S
30. S1 : A stag was drinking water at a pool
 S6 : He was thus caught by the hunters
 P : He was admiring his shadow in the water.
 Q : All of a sudden some hunters came to the pool.
 R : From what he saw, he liked his horns, but he was rather unhappy about his legs.
 S : His legs helped him in getting away from the hunters, but his horns were caught in a bush.
 (A) Q P R S (B) P Q R S (C) P R Q S (D) R P Q S
31. S1 : In 1739, Nadir Shah, the mighty king of Iran, invaded.
 S6 : Another trophy he took with him was the Peacock Throne built by Shahjahan.
 P : After a stay of two months, Nadir Shah went back to Iran .
 Q : He defeated the Mughal army in the battle at Karnal.
 R : He took with him immense wealth as well as the Kohinoor diamond.
 S : This was followed by the cruel massacre and reckless plunder of Delhi.
 (A) Q S P R (B) R Q P S (C) P R Q S (D) S P R Q

32. S1 : It was a very pleasant walk along the banks of the river.
 S6 : It charmed me beyond measure.
 P : The buffalo had huge horns.
 Q : A kind of unknown calm and peace seemed to slide into my soul.
 R : What delighted me most was the sight of a little boy sitting on the last buffalo in the herd.
 S : I saw a herd of buffaloes swimming across the river.
- (A) S R P Q (B) Q S R P (C) P Q R S (D) R P Q S

In The following questions, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. You are required to re-arrange these parts which are labelled P, Q, R and S to produce the correct sentence. Choose the proper sequence

33. P : the teacher had to be specially careful.
 Q : because he enjoyed the confidence
 R : about how he will face this problem
 S : of all the boys
- (A) P R Q S (B) Q P S R (C) S P R Q (D) P S R Q
34. P : all around the globe
 Q : movies made in Hollywood
 R : by people
 S : are seen at the same time
- (A) Q S R P (B) Q R P S (C) P S R Q (D) Q P S R
35. P : and will be happy
 Q : sooner or later
 R : I am sure a day will come
 S : when all will be equal
- (A) Q P R S (B) Q S R P (C) R Q S P (D) R S Q P

In each of the following sentences there are two blank spaces. Below each sentence there are four pairs of words denoted by numbers (A), (B), (C), (D). Find out which pair of words can be filled up in the blanks in the sentence in the same sequence to make the sentence grammatically correct and meaningfully complete.

36. Most people are too _____ in their own lives to _____ much about the agonies of others.
(A) absorbed, care (B) concerned, think
(C) indulged, eradicate (D) entangling, worry
37. Lawyers and Doctors _____ that advertising will certainly _____ their profession adversely.
(A) trust, damage (B) believe, affect
(C) plead, escalate (D) argue, effect
38. Because the _____ leading to crash of the flight were murky, the Minister appointed a commission to _____ and report the matter.
(A) staff members, undertake (B) decisions, decide
(C) facts, underplay (D) circumstances, investigate
39. The final matches were _____ live and _____ in various television channels.
(A) screened, circulated (B) televised, repeated
(C) about, seen (D) exhibited, frequently
40. By _____ of their athletic activities, a few sportsmen are able to escape the pressures that living in _____ can create.
(A) knowledge, affluence (B) contrast, adversity
(C) virtue, poverty (D) order, vicinity
41. The _____ you work, the _____ for your prosperity.
(A) more, best (B) least, best
(C) harder, better (D) better, brighter
42. Please do not _____ time on such _____ issues.
(A) take, significant (B) spend, important
(C) take, vital (D) waste, trivial

43. The chairman _____ that you should _____ your help to him to solve the riddles.
 (A) express, give (B) desires, extend
 (C) wanted, take (D) mentioned, assist
44. If you are _____ you can _____ any task effectively.
 (A) interested, avoid
 (B) diligent, perform
 (C) busy, accomplish
 (D) expert, prepare
45. More is _____ of conditions on the moon than _____ conditions on any other planet.
 (A) understanding, the (B) known, of
 (C) aware, of (D) informed, those

Choose the appropriate prepositions to make the sentence correct.

46. My cousin has invested a lot of money _____ farming.
 (A) into (B) in (C) on (D) for
47. India is committed _____ the policy of peaceful existence.
 (A) of (B) to (C) with (D) for
48. My Father-in-law lives _____ Stanley Road.
 (A) at (B) on (C) by (D) in
49. Life is not a bed _____ roses.
 (A) with (B) of (C) for (D) off
50. We are pleased _____ your visit.
 (A) with (B) at (C) by (D) on

सामान्य जागरूकता

51. _____ वर्ष में मद्रास राज्य का नाम बदलकर तमिलनाडु कर दिया गया।
(A) 1956 (B) 1961 (C) 1966 (D) 1969
52. भारत में किस मंदिर का सबसे लंबा गलियारा है?
(A) रामनाथस्वामी मंदिर (B) मीनाक्षी सुंदरेश्वर मंदिर
(C) बृहदेश्वर मंदिर (D) कपालीश्वर मंदिर
53. चेन्नई में सेंट जॉर्ज किला कौनसा वर्ष में बनाया गया था?
(A) 1644 (B) 1665 (C) 1692 (D) 1713
54. स्वतंत्रता सेनानी वी.ओ. चिदंबरम ने तूतीकोरिन और _____ के बीच जहाज संचालित करने के लिए स्वदेशी स्टीम नेविगेशन कंपनी की स्थापना की।
(A) कोलंबो (B) सिंगापुर (C) जाफना (D) चेन्नई
55. तमिलनाडु में ब्रिटिश शासन के खिलाफ नमक संग्रह कहाँ आयोजित किया गया था जिसे प्यार से "तमिलनाडु का दांडी" कहा जाता है।
(A) तिरुनेलवेली (B) वेदारण्यम
(C) महाबलीपुरम (D) कडलोर
56. तमिलनाडु में संसदीय निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों की कुल संख्या _____ है।
(A) 35 (B) 39 (C) 40 (D) 42
57. तमिलनाडु के किस शहर को दक्षिण भारत का ऑक्सफोर्ड भी कहा जाता है?
(A) सेलम (B) पालयमकोट्टई (C) तिरुप्पुर (D) मदुरै
58. मद्रास हाईकोर्ट की स्थापना किस वर्ष में हुई थी?
(A) 1847 (B) 1855 (C) 1862 (D) 1869

GENERAL AWARENESS

51. The Madras State was renamed as Tamil Nadu in the year
(A) 1956 (B) 1961 (C) 1966 (D) 1969
52. Which temple has the longest corridor in India?
(A) Ramanathaswamy Temple (B) Meenakshi Sundareswarar Temple
(C) Brihadeeswarar Temple (D) Kapaleeshwarar Temple
53. The St. George Fort at Chennai was built in the year
(A) 1644 (B) 1665 (C) 1692 (D) 1713
54. The freedom fighter V.O. Chidambaram founded the Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company to operate ship between Tuticorin and
(A) Colombo (B) Singapore (C) Jaffna (D) Chennai
55. Where was the salt collection against the British rule was held in Tamilnadu which was fondly called "Dandi of Tamil Nadu"?
(A) Thirunelveli (B) Vedaranyam
(C) Mahabalipuram (D) Cuddalore
56. The total number of Parliamentary constituencies in Tamil Nadu is
(A) 35 (B) 39 (C) 40 (D) 42
57. Which city of Tamil Nadu is also known as Oxford of South India?
(A) Salem (B) Palayamkottai (C) Tiruppur (D) Madurai
58. The Madras High Court was established in the year
(A) 1847 (B) 1855 (C) 1862 (D) 1869

59. भारतीय न्यूट्रिनो वेधशाला तमिलनाडु के किस जिले में स्थित है?
 (A) मदुरै (B) थेनि (C) कडलोर (D) चेन्नई
60. तमिलनाडु का आधिकारिक राज्य गीत 'तमिल थाई वाल्थु' किसने लिखा था?
 (A) भारतीदासन (B) भारतियार
 (C) मराईमलाई अडिगल (D) मनोनमनियम सुंदरम पिल्लै
61. मदुरै के नायक वंश का संस्थापक कौन है?
 (A) तिरुमाला नायक (B) विश्वनाथ नायक
 (C) चोककनाथ नायक (D) मुट्टू कृष्णप्पा नायक
62. अमरावती नदी किसकी सहायक नदी है?
 (A) कृष्णा (B) गोदावरी (C) कावेरी (D) वैगई
63. हिन्दी दिवस हर साल _____ को मनाया जाता है।
 (A) 14 सितंबर (B) 12 अप्रैल (C) 10 अप्रैल (D) 14 दिसंबर
64. भारत द्वारा 1974 में पोखरण, राजस्थान में किए गए पहले परमाणु परीक्षणों का कोड नाम क्या था?
 (A) कृष्ण जीतगए (B) ओम शक्ति
 (C) स्माइलिंग बुद्धा (D) ऑपरेशन अश्वमेध
65. IRS श्रृंखला उपग्रहों का उपयोग किस के लिए किया जाता है?
 (A) रिमोट सेंसिंग (B) टेली कम्युनिकेशन
 (C) खगोल विज्ञान (D) वानिकी
66. पहला IIT 1951 में कहाँ स्थापित किया गया था?
 (A) आईआईटी दिल्ली (B) आईआईटी कानपुर
 (C) आईआईटी खड़गपुर (D) आईआईटी मद्रास

59. Indian Neutrino Observatory is situated in which district of Tamilnadu?
(A) Madurai (B) Theni (C) Cuddalore (D) Chennai
60. Who wrote "Tamil Thai Valthu", the official state song of Tamil Nadu?
(A) Bharathidasan (B) Bharathiyar
(C) Maraimalai Adigal (D) Manonmaniam Sundaram Pillai
61. Who is the founder of the Nayak dynasty of Madurai
(A) Tirumala Nayak (B) Viswanatha Nayak
(C) Chokkanatha Nayak (D) Muttu Krishnappa Nayak
62. Amaravati river is a tributary of
(A) Krishna (B) Godavari (C) Kaveri (D) Vaigai
63. Hindi Divas is celebrated on _____ every year.
(A) 14th September (B) 12th April (C) 10th April (D) 14th December
64. What was the code name for the first nuclear tests conducted by India on 1974, in Pokhran, Rajasthan ?
(A) Krishna wins (B) Om Shakti
(C) Smiling Buddha (D) Operation Ashwamedh
65. IRS series satellites are used for?
(A) Remote Sensing (B) Tele Communication
(C) Astronomy (D) Forestry
66. The first IIT was established in 1951 is
(A) IIT Delhi (B) IIT Kanpur
(C) IIT Kharagpur (D) IIT Madras

67. नैस्डैक स्टॉक एक्सचेंज में सूचीबद्ध पहली भारतीय कंपनी कौन सी है?
 (A) इंफोसिस (B) विप्रो (C) टाटा (D) कॉग्निजेंट
68. "ऑपरेशन फ्लड" किससे संबंधित अभियान है?
 (A) दूध (B) पीने का पानी
 (C) चावल (D) बाढ़ नियंत्रण
69. भारतीय हरित क्रांति के जनक के रूप में किसे जाना जाता है?
 (A) वी. कुरियन (B) सी. सुब्रमण्यम
 (C) एम.एस. स्वामीनाथन (D) उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं
70. भारत की राजधानी किस वर्ष कलकत्ता से दिल्ली स्थानांतरित की गई थी?
 (A) 1918 (B) 1907 (C) 1911 (D) 1916
71. मन्नार की खाड़ी किस के तट के किनारे स्थित है?
 (A) तमिलनाडु (B) केरल (C) कर्नाटक (D) आंध्र प्रदेश
72. भारतीय मानक समय (IST) किस शहर के स्थानीय समय को दर्शाता है?
 (A) चेन्नई (B) दिल्ली (C) इलाहाबाद (D) कोलकाता
73. राजीव गांधी राष्ट्रीय युवा विकास संस्थान किस राज्य में स्थित है?
 (A) तमिलनाडु (B) कर्नाटक
 (C) हिमाचल प्रदेश (D) उत्तरांचल
74. माउंट एवरेस्ट पर चढ़ने वाली पहली भारतीय महिला कौन है?
 (A) प्रेमलता अग्रवाल (B) अरुणिमा सिन्हा
 (C) बछेंद्री पाल (D) कृष्णा पाटिली
75. अशोक चक्र में मौजूद तीलियों की कुल संख्या
 (A) 18 (B) 24 (C) 26 (D) 12

67. Which is the first Indian company listed in Nasdaq stock exchange?
(A) Infosys (B) Wipro (C) Tata (D) Cognizant
68. "Operation Flood" is a movement related with
(A) Milk (B) Drinking Water
(C) Rice (D) Flood Control
69. Who is known as the father of Indian Green Revolution?
(A) V. Kurien (B) C. Subramanian
(C) M.S. Swaminathan (D) None of the above
70. In which year was the capital of India shifted from Calcutta to Delhi?
(A) 1918 (B) 1907 (C) 1911 (D) 1916
71. The Gulf of Mannar is situated along the coast of
(A) Tamil Nadu (B) Kerala (C) Karnataka (D) Andhra Pradesh
72. Indian Standard Time(IST) refers to the local time of which city?
(A) Chennai (B) Delhi (C) Allahabad (D) Kolkata
73. In which state the Rajiv Gandhi National Institute of Youth Development is located?
(A) Tamil Nadu (B) Karnataka
(C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Uttaranchal
74. Who is the first Indian woman to climb Mt. Everest?
(A) Premlata Agarwal (B) Arunima Sinha
(C) Bachendri Pal (D) Krishna Patil
75. Total number of spokes present in the Ashoka Chakra
(A) 18 (B) 24 (C) 26 (D) 12

76. भारत की मिसाइल महिला के रूप में किसे जाना जाता है?
- (A) कमल रणदिवे (B) कल्पना चावला
(C) टेसी थॉमस (D) जानकी अम्मालो
77. राष्ट्रीय युवा दिवस किसकी स्मृति में मनाया जाता है?
- (A) जवाहरलाल नेहरू (B) सुभाष चंद्र बोस
(C) स्वामी विवेकानंद (D) भगत सिंह
78. NH 44 जो भारत का सबसे लंबा राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग है, किसके बीच जुड़ रहा है?
- (A) डिब्रूगढ़-कोच्चि (B) कोयंबटूर-सिलचर
(C) श्रीनगर-कन्याकुमारी (D) चंडीगढ़-चेन्नई
79. पूर्वी घाट और पश्चिमी घाट कहाँ मिलते हैं?
- (A) नीलगिरी हिल्स (B) इलायची की हिल्स
(C) अन्नामलाई हिल्स (D) पलानी हिल्स
80. कौन से दो राज्य पलक्कड़ गापी से जुड़े हुए हैं?
- (A) तमिलनाडु और केरल (B) तमिलनाडु और कर्नाटक
(C) कर्नाटक और आंध्र प्रदेश (D) तमिलनाडु और आंध्र प्रदेश
81. महात्मा गांधी को "राष्ट्रपिता" के रूप में संबोधित करने वाले पहले व्यक्ति कौन थे?
- (A) सुभाष चंद्र बोस (B) रवींद्र नाथ टैगोर
(C) बीजी तिलक (D) जेएल नेहरू
82. भारत का राष्ट्रीय गीत "वंदे मातरम" उपन्यास _____ से लिया गया है।
- (A) सीताराम (B) आनंदमठ
(C) गीतांजलि (D) उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं

76. Who is known as the missile woman of India?
(A) Kamal Ranadive (B) Kalpana Chawla
(C) Tessy Thomas (D) Janaki Ammal
77. National Youth day is celebrated in the memory of
(A) Jawaharlal Nehru (B) Subhash Chandra Bose
(C) Swami Vivekananda (D) Bhagat Singh
78. NH 44 which is the longest National Highway of India is connecting between
(A) Dibrugarh-Kochi (B) Coimbatore-Silchar
(C) Srinagar-Kanyakumari (D) Chandigarh-Chennai
79. The Eastern Ghats and the Western Ghats meet at
(A) Nilgiri Hills (B) Cardamom Hills
(C) Annamalai Hills (D) Palani Hills
80. Which two states are connected by the Palakkad Gap?
(A) Tamil Nadu and Kerala (B) Tamil Nadu and Karnataka
(C) Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh (D) Tamilnadu and Andhra Pradesh
81. Who was the first to address Mahatma Gandhi as the "Father of Nation"
(A) Subhas Chandra Bose (B) Rabindra Nath Tagore
(C) B.G. Tilak (D) J.L. Nehru
82. The National song of India "Vande Mataram" was taken from the novel
(A) Sitaram (B) Anandamath
(C) Gitanjali (D) None of the above

83. भारत में सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम पूरी तरह से लागू हुआ
 (A) अक्टूबर, 2008 (B) जून, 2005
 (C) जुलाई, 2008 (D) अक्टूबर, 2005
84. लोकसभा चुनाव लड़ने के लिए आवश्यक न्यूनतम आयु
 (A) 30 वर्ष (B) 35 वर्ष (C) 28 वर्ष (D) 25 वर्ष
85. राज्यसभा का सभापति कौन होता है?
 (A) मुख्य न्यायाधीश (B) राष्ट्रपति
 (C) उप राष्ट्रपति (D) अटॉर्नी जनरल
86. भारत के राष्ट्रपति को पद की शपथ किसने दिलाता है?
 (A) लोकसभा अध्यक्ष (B) अटॉर्नी जनरल
 (C) भारत के मुख्य न्यायाधीश (D) उप राष्ट्रपति
87. संविधान का कौन सा अनुच्छेद राष्ट्रपति को किसी राज्य में राष्ट्रपति शासन लगाने की शक्ति देता है?
 (A) Article 66 (B) Article 112 (C) Article 223 (D) Article 356
88. संविधान का कौन सा अनुच्छेद भारतीय नागरिकों को 'समानता का अधिकार' प्रदान करता है
 (A) Article 11 (B) Article 14 (C) Article 29 (D) Article 42
89. राज्य के नीति निदेशक तत्वों को भारतीय संविधान के किस भाग में शामिल किया गया है?
 (A) Part I (B) Part II (C) Part III (D) Part IV
90. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द मूल रूप से भारत के संविधान की प्रस्तावना का हिस्सा नहीं था लेकिन बाद में संविधान संशोधन द्वारा शामिल किया गया था।
 (A) संप्रभु (B) समाजवादी (C) धर्मनिरपेक्ष (D) गणतंत्र
91. एक बिल को धन विधेयक या नहीं करके किसने प्रमाणित करेगा? -
 (A) वित्त मंत्री (B) लोकसभा अध्यक्ष
 (C) प्रधान मंत्री (D) राष्ट्रपति

83. Right to Information Act in India came fully into force in
(A) October, 2008 (B) June, 2005
(C) July, 2008 (D) October, 2005
84. Minimum age required to contest for Lok Sabha election
(A) 30 Years (B) 35 Years (C) 28 Years (D) 25 Years
85. Who is the chairman of Rajya Sabha
(A) Chief Justice (B) President
(C) Vice-President (D) Attorney General
86. Who administers the oath of office to the President of India
(A) Speaker of Lok Sabha (B) Attorney general
(C) Chief Justice of India (D) Vice President
87. Which article of constitution give the power to President's to impose President Rule in a State?
(A) Article 66 (B) Article 112 (C) Article 223 (D) Article 356
88. Which article of constitution provide Indian citizens 'Right to Equality'?
(A) Article 11 (B) Article 14 (C) Article 29 (D) Article 42
89. The Directive Principles of State Policy are incorporated in which part of the Indian Constitution
(A) Part I (B) Part II (C) Part III (D) Part IV
90. Which one of the following words was not originally part of the Preamble to the Constitution of India but later included by the constitutional amendment
(A) Sovereign (B) Socialist (C) Secular (D) Republic
91. Who is to certify that any bill is a money bill?
(A) Finance Minister (B) Speaker of Lok Sabha
(C) Prime Minister (D) President

92. संसद में "शून्य काल" क्या है?
- (A) जब विपक्ष के प्रस्तावों पर विचार किया जाता है
 (B) जब अत्यंत महत्वपूर्ण मामलों को उठाया जाता है
 (C) सुबह और दोपहर के सत्रों के बीच का अंतराल
 (D) जब लोकसभा में धन विधेयक पेश किया जाता है
93. भारत में संसद से मिलकर बनता है
- (A) लोकसभा
 (B) राज्य सभा
 (C) लोकसभा और राज्य सभा
 (D) लोकसभा, राज्य सभा और राष्ट्रपति
94. निम्नलिखित में से किसे भारत के फ्लाइंग सिख के रूप में जाना जाता है?
- (A) कपिल देव (B) रणदीप सिंह (C) मिल्खा सिंह (D) जोगिंदर सिंह
95. टोक्यो ओलंपिक 2020 में भारत द्वारा जीते गए पदकों की कुल संख्या क्या है?
- (A) 5 (B) 7 (C) 6 (D) 8
96. ओलंपिक में पदक जीतने वाली पहली भारतीय महिला कौन है?
- (A) सनमचा चानु (B) कर्णम मल्लेश्वरी
 (C) मैरी कोम (D) पीटी ऊषा
97. एशियाड 2022 कहाँ आयोजित किया जाएगा?
- (A) हांगजो (B) सियोल (C) अहमदाबाद (D) होचिमिन्ह सिटी
98. हाल ही में प्रधान मंत्री द्वारा कौन सी डिजिटल भुगतान पद्धति शुरू की गई है?
- (A) e-NOTE (B) e-PAISA (C) e-RUPI (D) e-RUPEES
99. Covid-19 के खिलाफ अपनी 100 प्रतिशत आबादी का टीकाकरण करने वाला पहला भारतीय शहर कौन सा है?
- (A) कालीकट (B) भुवनेश्वर (C) चंडीगढ़ (D) चेन्नई
100. नीरच चोपड़ा ने ओलंपिक 2020 में पुरुषों की जावेलिन श्रो स्पर्धा में कितना मीटर श्रो करके स्वर्ण पदक जीता था।
- (A) 84.58 m (B) 86.58 m (C) 87.58 m (D) 88.58 m

92. What is "Zero Hour" in Parliament?
(A) When the proposals of the opposition are considered
(B) When matters of utmost importance are raised
(C) Interval between the morning and afternoon sessions
(D) When a Money Bill is introduced in the Lok Sabha
93. The Parliament in India is consist of
(A) Lok Sabha
(B) Rajya Sabha
(C) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
(D) Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha and the President
94. Who among the following is known as Flying Sikh of India?
(A) Kapil Dev (B) Randeep Singh (C) Milkha Singh (D) Joginder Singh
95. Total number of medals won by India in Tokyo Olympic 2020 is
(A) 5 (B) 7 (C) 6 (D) 8
96. Who is the first Indian woman to win a medal in Olympic?
(A) Sanamacha Chanu (B) Karnam Malleswari
(C) Mary Kom (D) PT Usha
97. The Asiad 2022 will be held in
(A) Hangzhou (B) Seoul (C) Ahmedabad (D) Hochiminh City
98. Which digital payment method is launched by Prime Minister recently
(A) e-NOTE (B) e-PAISA (C) e-RUPI (D) e-RUPEES
99. Which is the first Indian city to vaccinate 100 per cent of its population against Covid-19?
(A) Calicut (B) Bhubaneswar (C) Chandigarh (D) Chennai
100. Neeraj Chopra won the gold medal in Olympics 2020 in the men's javelin throw event with a throw of
(A) 84.58 m (B) 86.58 m (C) 87.58 m (D) 88.58 m

